

## Timber Beam-Cont. Beam Example 1-Floor Beam B-1

Element: C:/DCC/Timber12/Projects/Cont Beam Example 1-Floor Beam B-1.rtf  
 Description:  
 Date: 6/18/2015 10:16:28 AM

Company:  
 User:  
 Software: Timber Design 12.0

### Timber Design 1 - Option 1 - Design of Member 1 - 3 1/8"x16 1/2"

**Design Data**

Design of Member 1 - 3 1/8"x16 1/2"		
Material type is 20F-V3-Un-Balanced Layup-Glulam - Western		
Check for repetitive use? Yes	Top flange bracing is Fully Braced	E <sub>bx</sub> : 1600 ksi
Moist use? No	Bottom flange bracing is Braced At Inflection Points	E <sub>by</sub> : 1500 ksi
I <sub>x</sub> = 1169.8 in <sup>4</sup> S <sub>x</sub> = 141.8 in <sup>3</sup>	I <sub>y</sub> = 42 in <sup>4</sup> S <sub>y</sub> = 26.9 in <sup>3</sup>	G assumed as .06E
Snow C <sub>d</sub> = 1.15	This is not a spaced column	F <sub>b</sub> : 2 ksi
Side loaded? No	K <sub>x</sub> = 1	F <sub>t</sub> : 0.975 ksi
Overstress factor = 1	L <sub>x</sub> =	F <sub>c</sub> : 1.55 ksi
Allowable Roof live load deflection = L/240	K <sub>y</sub> = 1	F <sub>cE</sub> : 0.56 ksi
Allowable Roof total load deflection = L/180	L <sub>y</sub> =	F <sub>t</sub> : 0.265 ksi
Member weight used in analysis = 0.01 klf	Area = 51.56 in <sup>2</sup>	Actual density: 31.2 pcf

**Critical Design Checks**

	Critical reaction	Axial	Bending - X	Bending -Y	Shear	LL Defl.	TL Defl.
	K	ksi	ksi	ksi	ksi	in	in
<b>Gov. Value</b>	3.968	0.018	2.03	0	0.094	-1.1677	-1.6366
<b>Allowable</b>	6.791	1.121	2.293	0	0.305	1.2885	1.718
<b>% of Allow.</b>	58	2	89	0	31	90	95
<b>Location</b>	0	13.5446	12.8847	0	1.69838	12.8848	12.8848

**Notes:**

- Member has an actual/allowable ratio in span 1 of 95 %.
- Design is governed by total deflection
- Governing load combination is Dead+0.75\*Wind in Pos X+0.75\*Floor Live+0.75\*Snow Condition 2 w/Pattern Loads
- Axial capacity of member is 6.64 K.
- Maximum hanger forces: 3.968 K (Left) and 3.855 K (Right).

**Minimum Bearing**

Span	Actual Length	Left Support Min. Bearing	Right Support Min. Bearing
	ft	in	in
<b>1</b>	25.7694	2.29	2.225

**Notes:**

- Locations of maximum stress, moment, etc. are measured from the left end of the member.
- Bearing across full width of beam is required.
- Structural adequacy of supporting members must be confirmed.
- Bearing lengths required may be limited by bearing stress on supporting members.
- A negative reaction indicates that the beam must be fastened to the support to resist uplift.
- See manufacturer's literature for side loaded connection requirements.
- Cantilever deflection allowables are based on twice the span length.
- Timber design is governed by NDS 2005.